

| Leadership Roles in Sport: | |
|----------------------------|--|
| Type of leader | Role |
| Captain: | Helps make decisions for the team/ influence and motivate those around them/ speak to the ref about on field decisions. |
| Manager: | Help manage the process and procedures/ tactics and strategies/ make all players feel valued/ speak to the press |
| Teacher: | lead and guide / ensure safety and inclusion of all/ ensure and track progress/ deliver lots of different sports/ communicate with lots of different age groups |
| Coaches: | can work one to one or with a large group/ guide player to minimise weaknesses and maximise strengths |
| Expedition leader | Responsible for the planning of the trip and ensuring safety |
| Role Model | Can be a positive influence on young people and their behaviour/inspire young people to become involved in sport |

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| Role Related Responsibilities: | |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Role | Explanation |
| Knowledge of Activity: | Need full knowledge to plan and lead effective sessions |
| Enthusiasm for Activity: | To help motivate participants to work as hard as the can |
| Knowledge of Safety: | To make sure no gets hurt during their session |
| Knowledge of Child Protection Issues: | If leading younger people, they are responsible to pass on info if they feel a child is getting abused |
| Knowledge of Basic First Aid: | They can treat any minor injuries and prevent them from getting worse |



| Different Leadership Styles: | | |
|---------------------------------|---|--|
| Leader Democratic | Consult the group when making decisions/ listen to others/ respect other people's opinions and may use them. | |
| Autocratic | Do not value the opinion of others/ make all the decisions/ do not ask for others opinions. | |
| Laissez-faire | Leader does not intervene/ good for when the group is working well, highly motivated and experienced/ can be slow for the team to come to decisions/ no one knows who's in charge | |
| Personal Qualities of a leader: | | |
| Reliable | Their team can depend on them to deliver good sessions | |
| Punctuality | On time and set up so the session runs smoothly | |
| Confident | Being confident spreads into the participants and they will feel confident that they can learn. | |
| Communication | Be able to communicate with the class at the correct level using the correct language. | |
| Creativity | Come up with creative ideas to teach new and old skills which is fun. | |

| SAINTS PETER AND PAUL CATHOLIC HIGH SCHOOL |
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| Session plans: | |
|-------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Key Factor: | Purpose: |
| Objective | What will be learnt? |
| Appropriate Venue | Type Size Indoors / outdoors |
| Equipment Needs | Cones Balls Bibs |
| Supervision Needs | Additional leaders Roles |
| Timing of Activities | Age Experience Weather |
| Introduction of session | Tell them the lesson objectives |
| Conclusion of session | Ask questions at the end |
| CHECKLIST ————— | |

Safety Considerations when planning:

A risk assessment showing potential hazards for the venue you're teaching in including:

- Hazards on the floor, glass, dog mess, puddles
- Equipment is not broken and is safe to use
- Students are wearing the correct kit, trainers, boots and laces tied
- No jewellery
- Other potential risks in relation to your sport. For e.g. rugby, is it fullcontact or tag



Corrective Action

In order to keep participants safe during games, if accidents / incidents occur, action must be taken immediately. These include:

- Remove all hazards
- Wipe up any spillages
- Remove litter
- Remove and report faulty equipment
- Full kit checks
- Ensure jewellery is removed
- Make sure students are using correct techniques

Session plan must include:

- Warm up
- Skill activity
- Progression
- Games
- Cool down



LO3: Being able to deliver sports activity sessions safely

| Communication skills | | |
|-----------------------|---|--|
| Type of communication | Characteristics | |
| Verbal | Loud Clear Speak so that all students can hear and understand you | |
| Non-Verbal | Use of gestures Hand signal Facial expressions | |
| Appropriate language | Remain professional Avoid patronising Avoid demeaning the group Try to increase confidence and motivation | |
| Technical Terms | Make sure students understand the terms being used | |

KEY TERM:

ADAPTABILITY – Be prepared to alter lesson plans and adapt to meet the needs of your learners



Organisation of group / Activity

Key factors must be considered when organising and delivering your lesson to ensure that it flows smoothly. These include:

- Position yourself so that you can see the whole group
- Ensure equipment is ready to use
- Make sure the group sizes are appropriate

Requirements of Safe Supervision

- Unsafe practise needs to be stopped
- Carry a mobile phone in the event of an emergency
- Rehearse the session in your head





Delivery Style

An effective but safe delivery style includes:

- Session should not drag
- Don't move on too quickly
- Try to be proactive and reactive
- Give clear demonstrations

Motivation Techniques

- Encourage to motivate performers
- Extrinsic motivators. Tangible (Touchable) rewards for example, a trophy
- Praise
- Make students aware when they are doing something well





Evaluation

Organisation of equipment /Participants

 E.g.- setting up equipment and groups before allows the session to run smoother because the participants are not stood around waiting to get started

Communication/Instructions

 E.g. - if my communication is good the participants will understand what they need to do and make good progress. If they do not understand they will not learn correctly

Session Aims

- E.g. - by telling the participants what they are learning will help them understand the session better and make good progress.

Technical Terminology

- E. g. - using the correct key words for the ability of the group will help improve their knowledge of the sport.



Evaluation

Specific Knowledge

- E.g. - having a good knowledge of the sport you are teaching will help the participants learn because you can advise them better in all situations.

Delivery

- Where you confident and relaxed so the participants would respond well to you.

Session plan/adaptions

Did you plan for any changes that needed to be made? E.g.
 A group were finding the drill to easy so you adapted it to make it harder

Motivation and Enthusiasm

- Did you demonstrate what you wanted the participants to do so could see how to do it.

Demonstration

- Did you demonstrate what you wanted the participants to do so could see how to do it.



Evaluation:

Safety

 Did you follow you risk assessment and check the surface, equipment etc. So, no participant was hurt when taking part.

Control

- Did you make sure that none of the participants were messing around and stopping others form learning?

Participant inclusion and involvement

- Did you make sure all the participants were involved and included in all activities?

Fun and enjoyment

- Did the participants enjoy the session because you made it relaxed and fun?

Session structure

- Was the session planned well so the activities flowed and had a good pace to them?

