Formula - Y11 Foundation - Unit 3



What do I need to be able to do?

By the end of this unit you should be able to:

- Writing a formula
- Substituting into a formula (positive numbers)
- Substitute negative and fractional numbers into
- Change the subject of a formula when one step is required
- Change the subject of a formula when a two steps are required

This is the next level of function machines.

If **t = 7**, find 4t

Remember 4t means 4 'lots of' t, therefore the question is asking us for 4 "lots of" 7

So
$$4t = 4 \times 7$$

= 28

If
$$a = 2$$
 and $b = 4$, find $3a - 2b$

So
$$3a - 2b$$

= $3x2 - 2x4$

$$= 6 - 8$$

Remember to keep the values in the right order.

Changing the subject of a formula (1-step)

We can re-arrange the formula to make 'a' the subject (This means having 'a' on it's own on one side)

The +5 and

5 cancel to leave 'a' on

$$a = c -$$

Changing the subject of a formula (2-steps)

We can re-arrange the formula to make 'a' the <u>s</u>ubject

$$2a + 5 = c$$
 Take 5 from both

Divide both sides 2a = c -

by 2 – This will

mean 'a' is on its

own as the subject of the formula

$$a = \frac{-2}{c - 5}$$

We **MUST**

Substituting into a formula (negatives)

he formula converts temperature from centigrade to Fahrenheit

$$F = \frac{9}{5}C + \frac{32}{5}C + \frac{2}{5}C + \frac{3}{5}C + \frac{3}$$

$$F = \left(\frac{9}{5} \times -10\right) + 32$$
 We divide 10 by 5 and multiply by 9

$$F = -18 + 32$$
 $10 \div 5 = -2$

Negative x positive

= negative answer

Vocabulary

Substitution: Replace the letter with a given value Formula: expresses the relationship between two or more unknown values

Subject: The variable of a formula that is being worked out.

Re-arrange: To change the position or order of Fractional: Expressed as or contains a fraction

Positive: A number greater than zero Negative: A number less than zero

Writing a formula

A plumber has a call out fee of £40, plus an hourly rate of £18

With this information, we can write a formula to calculate the price o<u>f</u> any job.

T = 40 + 18hprice Represents

f the

hourly the £40 rate of which is a £18 fixed price

The number of hours worked. (We substitute here)

£18 is multiplied by the number of hours worked. we then add this to £40 to give the total cost

Substituting into a formula (positive numbers)

T = 40 + 18h

he total cost of a plumbing job is given by the formula below. 丁 = total cost of the job We can substitute into this

formula to find the cost of any job

If a job took 2 hours.... T = 40 + 18h

T = 40 + (18x2)`We substitute (swap) h for 2

T = 40 + 36The total cost of the job is £76 T = 76 ◀

Substituting into a formula (fractions)

he total cost of a plumbing job is given by the formula below. T = total cost of the job $\Gamma = 40 + 18h$

If a job took ½ an hour.....

Multiplying by 1/2 is the s

as dividing by 2

T = 40 + 18h

T = 40 + (18x)/2We substitute (swap) h for 1/2

T = 40 + 9

T = 49 +

The total cost of the job is £49

Notes